Alexandria Advertiser AND COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. III.] TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1803. [No. 673.

Sales by Auction.

On WEDADAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store, the corner of King and Union streets.

Rum in hhds. and barrels,
Whiskey in barrels,
Apple Brandy in barrels,
Gin in casks,
Wine in pipes and quatter casks,
Molasses in hhds.
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
White and brown Soap in boxes,
Coffee in casks and bags,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Queen's Ware, and

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS.

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

Broad Cloths,	Irish Linens,
Cassimeres,	Calicoes,
Kerseys,	Threads,
Coatings,	Chintzes,
Halfthicks,	Bedticks,
Fearnaught,	Oznaburgs,
Blankets,	Sewing Silks,
Planes,	Muslin and Muslin
Negro Cottons,	Handkerchiefs,
Worsted and other Stockings,	India Cottons, &c &c.

THOS. PATTEN, *Auctioneer.*

Feb. 15.

Public Vendue.

On FRIDAY,

At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

Rum in hogsheads and barrels.
French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Coffee in tierces and bags,
Chocolate
White and brown Soap } in boxes,
Mould and dip'd Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queens Ware in crates,
FURNITURE, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of DRY GOODS,

Among which are,
Cloths, Coatings,
Kerseymeres, Duffils,
Plains and Kerseys,
Negro Cottons, Serges,
Elasticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes and Russels,
Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Calicoes,
Irish Linens, Silesia do.
Platillas,
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslins and Muslin Hand'fs,
India Muslins and Table Cloths
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Silk Stockings,
Coloured Threads, Hats,
Plated Candlesticks,
And sundry other Articles.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

February 15.

Public Vendue.

On Thursday next, at 10 o'clock, at the House of Mrs. Atkins, Prince street, will be sold,

A VERY LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Elegant Prints, Looking-Glasses, &c. &c.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Feb. 11.

To Rent,

Possession given immediately,

A large Brick Warehouse adjoining R. Newton and Co. and a comfortable Dwelling House, on Prince street. For particulars enquire of

RICKETTS, NEWTON & Co.

Jan. 18. d

By virtue of a Deed of Trust from John D. Orr to the Subscriber, to secure the payment of a debt due to Colin Auld, will be exposed to Sale, for ready money, on the 1st day of March next, at the Coffee House, in the Town of Alexandria,

A certain Tract of valuable LAND, lying in the county of Prince William, near the Red House, on which the said John D. Orr lately resided, containing 1115 acres, the bounds of which will appear upon reference being had to the said Deed, which is duly recorded in the office of the said county.

EDMUND J. LEE.

Jan. 15. d

COTTOM & STEWART

Have just received a large and general assortment of

BOOKS

In the different branches of Literature.

Also,

ALMANACS

For 1803,

With a general assortment of

Dr. Church's Patent Medicines,

Which they offer wholesale or retail to the public at very reduced prices.

Just Received,

And for sale by the Subscriber, at his store, corner of Prince and Union streets,

15 Pipes Madeira Wine,
10 do. 4th proof Brandy,
5 do. New-England Rum,
2 do. Holland Gin,
3 Quarter casks Catalonia red Wine,
3 Kegs Anniseed Cordial,
14 Boxes dipt Candles,
Sugar in hhds. and barrels,
Coffee and Pepper in bags,
Hyson skin and Souchong Tea,
Jamaica Rum and Malaga Wine,
Raisins in kegs and boxes,
Leiper's Snuff in half barrels and kegs
Men's coarse and fine Shoes,
Womens' Morocco and fancy kid do.

And eight Bales of INDIA GOODS, consisting of Mamoodies, Emerties, Guzzinahs, Mohanas, Gungies, Checks and Calicoes, and a few pieces China and Lunge Handkercheifs, and Ravens Duck. A large quantity of RED SOAL-LEATHER, and a few barrels Tanner's best brown OIL.

BENJ. SHREVE, jun.

Ricketts, Newton & Co.

Have just received & for Sale,

A QUANTITY OF

Wool & Cotton CARDS,

70 Tons Plaster of Paris,
10 hhds. and 20 barrels Sugar,
10 hhds. Rum,
1000 bushels of Lisbon Salt,
1000 do. Turk's Island do.
100 Reams Post Paper,
50 do. Wrapping do.
1 Case Dutch Quills,
20 Boxes Havannah Sugars,
2 hhds. Loaf Sugar,
1 do. Sewing Twine and Shoe Thread,
1 do. fine hackled Flax,
50 boxes brown and Castile Soap,
50 do. dipt Candles,
5 casks fine old Rye Whiskey,
4 do. Apple and Peach Brandy,
Hyson, Hyson Skin, Young Hyson and Imperial TEAS,
50 barrels Pork and Beef,
50 do. Shad and Herring.

They are giving Cash for

Wheat, Flour, Flax-Seed, Rye, Corn, white Peas, black eyed Peas, and have a constant supply of excellent Flour for family use, in bbls. and half barrels, and can furnish a few thousand double bushels Wheat Bran.

Dec. 22. d

Just received, and for Sale,

By Robert and John Gray,

[*Price 25 Cents*]

Negro Slavery Unjustifiable.

A SERMON.

By ALEX. M'LEOD, A. M. Pastor of the reformed Congregation, in the City of New-York.

Feb. 5. d

Just received and for Sale by

JOSEPH DYSON,

A QUANTITY OF

FRESH ORANGES,

By the hundred or smaller quantity.

Jan. 19. d

Alexandria Library Company.

THE Members of the Alexandria Library Company will please to take notice, that in conformity with the act of incorporation, an ELECTION will be held at the Council Chamber, on Monday the 21st inst. between the hours of three and six P. M. for a President and eleven Directors for the ensuing year.

JAS. KENNEDY, sen.
Secretary.

Feb. 7. d21F

THOMAS SIMMS

HAS JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

One hogshead JAMAICA SPIRITS,
warranted 7 years old.

ALSO,

Sweet China Oranges,

Salmon in bls. or less quantity, of a superior quality,
Rhode-Island Cyder,
A quantity of excellent Potatoes,
Groceries of all kinds.

Jan. 19. d

Madeira Wine.

Ricketts, Newton and Co.

Have just received a few pipes of fine London particular, and to be sold cheap.

They have also,

One case of elegant OSTRICH FEATHERS; will be sold low by the case.

Jan. 8. d

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by

SAMUEL BISHOP,

(Price 25 Cents,)

PITT & HIS STATUE,

A SATIRICAL POEM.

By Peter Pindar.

Jan. 19. d

A PROPOSAL

BY SAMUEL BISHOP

For publishing by Subscription,

LETTERS

ON THE

Elementary Principles

OF

EDUCATION.

By Elizabeth Hamilton,

Author of the "Memoirs of Modern Philosophers," &c.

CONDITIONS.

I. *The Work shall be comprised in two Duodecimo volumes, of about 450 pages each, & shall be printed in the best manner, on fine Paper, and new Type.*

II. *The price will be one Dollar per volume in boards, payable on delivery.*

*** *A very considerable number of Copies being already subscribed for, the work shall be put to Press, and finished without delay.*

☞ *Subscription received by the Publishers*

St. Andrew's Society.

A stated meeting of the St. Andrew's Society, will be held at Gadsby's tavern, on *Tuesday the 15th instant,* at 6 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the President.

JAS. TOWERS, Sec'ry.

Feb. 12. d

FOR SALE,

A LIKELY NEGRO GIRL, about 16 years of age.

Apply to the Printer.

Dec. 18. d

Notice.

HOLDERS of subscription papers for the work entitled, 'A Direction & Preparative to the Study of the Law,' will particularly oblige the author by advising him of the number of subscribers obtained before the first day of March.

R. W. PEACOCK.

City of Washington,
Feb. 12. 3t

For Charleston, S. Carolina,

The SLOOP

COLUMBIA,

Sam. Carr, Master;

Will sail next week. For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to the master on board, or to

J. G. LADD.

Feb. 12. d

WILLIAM HODGSON

Has just received, and for sale for Cash or approved paper,

6 pipes excellent BILL WINE,

(Madeira.) Also, 15 casks Sherry.

Feb. 10. d

By virtue of a Deed of Trust,

from Owen Roberts to the subscriber, on the third Monday in February next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, will be exposed to sale for ready money, on the premises,

One moiety of that LOT of GROUND, in the City of Washington, described in the plan of the city by the number eighteen, in the square number one hundred and sixty eight; fronting fifty nine feet upon the Pennsylvania avenue, and extending back one hundred and seven feet seven inches: Upon the premises is erected a two story brick dwelling house, and the lot is under a mortgage to secure the payment of fifteen hundred dollars, subject to which it will be sold

Also, one moiety of that Lot of Ground in the said city described in the plan be Number ten, in square number two hundred and fifty-six, fronting forty eight feet seven inches upon the open æra on the Pennsylvania Avenue, upon which there is an unfinished frame Dwelling-House.

JAMES KEITH.

January 18. dts

William Hartshorne

HAS FOR SALE,

A HOUSE & LOT on Water street, adjoining on the North side of Major Muncaster's; a LOT on the corner of Fairfax and Wilkes' street, near which is a pump from which good water is had. *Also,* three LOTS on Prince street, joining Stewart's cabinet work-shop. For this property Marine Shares at par will be taken.

About 100 bushels good Oats Seed, for Cash, may be had at his Mill.

For Sale or Rent,

A BRICK HOUSE next door to Bennett and Watts' in King street. Possession may be had on the first of the 5th Month next.

2 mo. 12. eo

Tan Bark Wanted.

THE subscribers want to purchase a large quantity of Tan Bark, for which they will give a generous price, if delivered in good order.

EZRA KINSEY and Co.

AND

ISAAC SHREVE.

FOR SALE,

Spanish Hides, Tanners' Oil, and Hatters' Wool.

EZRA KINSEY and Co.

Feb. 5. 1aw8t

To Rent,

A small 2 story Frame House, situate at the lower end of Water street. For terms apply to

Wm. H. and E. M. LYLES.

Feb. 12. eo6t

Public Vendue.

TO-MORROW, *at 3 o'clock, will be sold on Col. Ramsay's wharf,*

Ten hogsheads of first quality

SUGAR,

at a credit of 60 days for approved negotiable notes.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Feb. 14.

Lateſt Foreign Intelligence.

FROM THE (CHARLESTON) TIMES OF JANUARY 29.

The ſhip John and Frances, capt. Eaſterbury, arrived laſt night from Bordeaux, left that city on the 14th December.

The accounts by this arrival preſent a more pacific aſpect than any we have recently received from Europe. Bonaparte, in the plenitude of power, appears buſily employed in ſettling the differences of the inferior potentates and petty princes on the continent; and the patriots of Switzerland, awed by his mandate, and ſubdued by the preſence of his legions, have retired to their homes with gloomy diſcontent. The people of France, ſatisfied with the meaſures adopted by the conſular government, are turning their attention to agricultural and commercial purſuits—and, ſo little apprehenſions were entertained of a renewal of hoſtilities, that a large portion of the ſoldiery were diſperſed through the country, and employed in paving the public roads and other internal improvements. Proviſions were plenty and cheap, and their crops had proved moſt luxuriant.—Notwithſtanding the jealouſy which will ever ſubſiſt between the two countries, it was the opinion of all well-informed men, that the governments of Great Britain and France were at the preſent moment, reciprocally diſpoſed to fulfill the reſpective ſtipulations, and conſolidate the peace.

We have received by the John and Frances, our regular files of the Moniteur. Their contents principally relate to internal regulations in France, the deliberations of the German diet at Ratiſbon; and the occurrences in the French colonies. They likewiſe contain the debates in the Britiſh parliament, which are very lengthy. The following articles are haſtily tranſlated.

VIENNA, November 20.

Extract of a letter.

"At the departure of the courier, the city of Conſtantinople was almoſt entirely deſtroyed by a moſt violent earthquake, which took place on the 26th of October laſt, at noon. This earthquake has alſo made ſhocking ravages in other parts of the Ottoman dominions, particularly in Wallachia and Romelia. A part of Buchareſt, Adrianople, &c. is deſtroyed."

Another letter of the ſame date.

"The courier from Hungary, arrived this day, brings letters from Temeſwar, Semlin and Belgrade, which mention, that Conſtantinople fell a prey to a ſhocking earthquake on the 26th of October. The general report in thoſe places was, that the Turkiſh capital was totally deſtroyed. We hope, however, that this is exaggerated. A letter from Temeſwar, poſitively ſays, that the Seraglio and a great part of the city were ſwallowed up. We wait with great uneaſineſs for a true account of this diſaſtrous event."

HAMBURG, November 16.

Count Worenzow, the Ruſſian ambaſſador, at the court of London, has gone to Berlin, to repair to his poſt. The prince of Glouceſter had arrived at Stockholm, on the 10th inſt. The king of Sweden had his daughter, princeſs Sophia Wilhelminia, vaccinated, and from her preſent ſituation the happieſt effects of this operation are anticipated.

MILAN, November 10.

The extraordinary military commiſſion appointed by a decree of the council of ſtate, on the 8th of September, to paſs ſentence on thoſe perſons who were guilty of the troubles and commotions at Bologna, have ordered Lewis Moreili, Marcella, Neti and Anthony Allonſi, to be executed, and Ange Orladdini and Nicholas Bollerni, to be impriſoned, the former for ſix years and the latter for ſix months. It has been proved, that there exiſted dangerous machinations againſt the preſent government, and a project of inſurrection was formed.

FROM THE (CHARLESTON) CITY GAZETTE, OF January 31.

By the John and Francis, captain Eaſterbury, we have received papers to the 10th of December; their contents are not very intereſting. The following paragraphs appear moſt worthy of notice.

The diſturbances in Switzerland are brought to a cloſe. A congreſs of deputies from that republic have met at Paris, to put the laſt hand to their conſtitution.—The indemnities in Germany are ſettled, and the parts allotted to the different princes, who have loſt territory on the left bank of the Rhine, have been taken poſſeſſion of by their new owners; and from all appearances, there is no probability of any war or diſturbance taking place in Europe. On the other hand, ſays a Paris paper, the immenſe influx of ſtrangers from Ruſſia, Germany, and even from England, into France, to enjoy there the brilliant ſpectacle of luxury and the arts, is an happy augury of the tranquility of Europe.

The National Inſtitute, in its ſitting of the 23d Brumaire, has named the celebrated Charles James Fox, member of the Britiſh parliament, in the vacant place of honorary member of the claſs of ſciences and politics; and the famous naturaliſt, Mr. Pallas to that of honorary member of the claſs of ſciences and mathematics.

BERLIN, November 16.

The day before yeſterday, a convention was concluded between our court and the Batavian republic, in virtue of which his Pruſſian majeſty renounces in favor of the latter, conformably to the convention of the 23d of May, between France and Pruſſia, the ſovereignty of Swenger, Huiſſen and Malbourg.

STUTGARD, November 27.

We learn by letters from Vienna, of the 20th inſtant, on the evening of that day, many merchants have received authentic letters from their correſpondents at Semlin, and other places on the frontiers of Turkey, announcing that the earthquake of the 26th of October, by which we already know the city of Bucharſt has much ſuffered, has been dreadful at Conſtantinople; theſe letters compare it, for its violence and its effects, to what Liſbon ſuffered in 1753; if this is ſo, part of the city muſt be ſwallowed up. The news of an earthquake in that city is founded on theſe letters, but they all vary in the details they give of this event and on the number of victims, which ſome repreſent as very conſiderable.

Note of the Paris editor.—As this news reached Stutgard through indirect routes, and without any character of authenticity, we may be permitted to expreſs ſome doubts reſpecting it and to hope at leaſt, that the effects of the earthquake are not as diſaſtrous as they announce.

OSNABURGH, November 12.

Our fate is at length decided and our wiſhes accompliſhed—this country paſſes under the ſovereignty of the king of England. On the 8th of this month, colonel Haſſel, at the head of a battalion of the fifth regiment of the Hanoverian Infantry entered our city with two pieces of cannon and lighted matches; two ſquadrons of cavalry were placed at Belm, a league from thence. The next day the citizens appeared under arms, to receive Mr. D'Arinſwaldt, miniſter of the cabinet. The Burgo-maſter at the head of the ſenate received him at the gate of the city; addreſſed him, and preſented him, on a ſilver plate, the five keys of the city. The miniſter accepted them and immediately returned them, ſaying, that the magiſtrates would guard them with as much honor as they had hitherto done.

His royal highneſs the duke of York, has publiſhed a manifeſto, by which he renounces in favour of his auguſt father, the ſovereignty of the country of Oſnaburgh.

PARIS, December 10.

We learn from the Hague, that the embarkment of the 5th and 17th demi-brigades of French troops, deſtined for Louiſiana, will take place immediately; that already forty veſſels for tranſports have arrived from Dunkirk at the mouth of the Meuſe, to take them on board and carry them to the place of deſtination.

The citizen Muller of Mulhee, has been acknowledged by the court of Vienna, in quality of charge des affaires of the Helvetic republic, and Mr. Dieſbach who ſtill wiſhed to be acknowledged as the repreſentative of the Swiſs confederation, has been diſmiſſed and obliged to depart from Vienna.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 8.

The frigate Furieuſe and other veſſels, have left the port of Breſt, to join the naval expedition deſtined for Louiſiana; ſhe has on board a number of perſons who are to be employed in that colony.

We have this day learnt the name of the American veſſel which was loſt a few days ago near the Cordovan, and which was bound to this port; ſhe was the Confidence of 360 tons, Capt. Triſtram Bedman, of Bath, in North America.—The account of the whole of the crew having been loſt is not true; only one man loſt his life. Her cargo conſiſted of lumber and maſts.

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

TUESDAY, *Feb.* 8.

Mr. Stratton preſented a petition from a number of the citizens of Alexandria, complaining of the exorbitancy of the fees allowed by law to the marſhal, clerk and attornies in the diſtrict of Columbia, and praying that the marſhal, clerk and attornies for the county of Alexandria, might be allowed the like fees as the laws of Virginia allowed to the ſheriff, clerk and attornies of a county court for like ſervices. Read & referred to a committee formerly appointed to conſider ſundry memorials from the counties of Waſhington & Alexandria, diſtrict of Columbia.

Mr. J. C. Smith, from the Committee of Claims reported on the petition of Anna Elliot, that ſhe have leave to withdraw her petition. Report referred to a committee of the whole houſe, and to be printed.

The Speaker produced a letter from the governor and convention of the Indiana Territory, accompanying certain proceedings of the convention, relative to the 6th article of the compact between them and the government of the United States, and their intention to ſuſpend the operation of the ſame provided congreſs ſhall paſs a law agreeing thereto, previous to the 1ſt of March, 1805. Referred to a ſelect committee of five.

Mr. Randolph preſented a petition from the ſame convention, which was referred to the ſame committee.

A bill for granting of clearances to ſhips and veſſels of the United States, lying in the river Miſſiſſippi, ſouth of the ſouthern boundary of the U. States, and therein to amend an act, entitled "An Act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage," and for other purpoſes, was read a third time and paſſed.

A bill from the Senate was read, providing for the due execution of the laws of the U. States, within the ſtate of Ohio. Referred to a ſelect committee.

Mr. Southard, chairman of the committee on that ſubject, reported a bill, for the regulation of poſt offices and poſt roads. Read twice and referred to a committe of the whole houſe.

The bill for the relief of ſufferers by fire in Portſmouth, was read, with ſundry amendments from the Senate.

Mr. Bacon called up his reſolution, offered ſome days ſince, for the receſſion of the diſtrict of Columbia to the ſtates of Maryland and Virginia.

Mr. Bayard ſaid he ſhould make a motion which would ſuſpend the one made by the gentleman from Maſſachuſetts; which was for the houſe to go into committee of the whole, on the ſtate of the union, for the purpoſe of taking up the reſolution offered by a gentleman from Pennſylvania many weeks ſince, relative to an alteration of that part of the conſtitution which provided for the election of Preſident and Vice-Preſident. A queſtion of that importance ſhould never be poſtponed to the end of a ſeſſion. He hoped the houſe would not ſuffer the reſolution to ſleep on the table till the members had thinned away, and as the queſtion was to be determined by two thirds of the houſe, & the ſenſe of the nation on an important alteration of their conſtitution could not virtually be aſcertained without a full houſe. A lengthy debate enſued. Meſſrs. Bayard, T. Morris and Griſwold, in favor, Meſſrs. Bacon, S. Smith, Smilie and Nicholſon againſt the motion.

The queſtion was taken by yeas and nays, at the requeſt of Mr. Bayard and loſt. Yeas 37, Nays 61.

The queſtion was then taken on the motion to go into a conſideration of Mr. Bacon's reſolution and carried in the affirmative.

The houſe in committee of the whole, Mr. J. C. Smith in the chair.

Mr. Smilie ſpoke in favor of receding.

Mr. Bacon alſo in favor of the reſolution, and Mr. Dennis againſt it.

The committee roſe, reported progreſs and aſked leave to ſit again. On the queſtion, there appeared 46 in the affirmative and 37 in the negative.

The following Memorial was preſented by Mr. Leib:

To the Senate & Houſe of Repreſentatives of the U. States.

The Memorial of the Alien-Inhabitants of Cheſter County, Pennſylvania,

Reſpectfully Sheweth,

That your memorialiſts during the laſt ſeſſion of congreſs, took the liberty of addreſſing you, entreating a repeal of the Naturalization law.

That whilſt your memorialiſts feel the deepeſt and moſt grateful ſenſe of your wiſdom and goodneſs in repealing the moſt oppreſſive of the diſabilities of that ſevere act; they cannot in juſtice to themſelves, refrain from deferentially expreſſing their regret, that the preſent law ſhould, to ſo high a degree, tend to prevent them from enjoying the benefits of the conſtitution.

That your memorialiſts ſubmit the circumſtances under which thoſe of them reſiding here from the ſummer '98, until the ſpring of 1801 were placed. Every Alien diſtinguiſhed for his attachment to the principles of liberty was inceſſantly abuſed in the papers countenanced by the adminiſtration then in power. The American miniſter at St. James' notified in the name of his government, that the Iriſh ſtate priſoners would not be permitted to reſide in this country—And the Britiſh government made this the pretext for detaining them in dungeons for the ſpace of four years, in open violation of a ſolemn compact. The preſidency was at that time in the hands of a man notoriouſly hoſtile to Aliens of Republican principles; and the preſident was authoriſed by law, to baniſh any Alien at his pleaſure; without trial and without appeal. Under theſe circumſtances, your candor will allow, that an *alien-reſident* could have little inducement to declare his intention of becoming a citizen. For by ſo doing, he placed his name on a liſt of proſcriptions and ſubjected himſelf to baniſhment, at the arbitrary will of an individual.

That your memorialiſts do moſt reſpectfully preſume to ſuggeſt to the wiſdom and juſtice of congreſs, that the pooreſt emigrant who arrives here, has a property in his life, in his liberty and in his labor; and is as liable to the laws as the richeſt citizen. That to tax him, impriſon him, or put him to death, by laws, in the framing of which he was not repreſented, is to exerciſe againſt him an act of tyranny. That though this doctrine, viewed in the abſtract is ſound; and though the venerated example of America, who juſtified her reſiſtance to Britain, on this preciſe footing, gives it ſanction: yet your memorialiſts are aware that in the internal regulations of ſtates, it may, nay ought to be ſubject to ſome modification.

That your memorialiſts with all due ſubmiſſion conceive, that ſociety would be ſufficiently ſecured & right ſufficiently preſerved, by admitting ſuch aliens to immediate enfranchiſement, as adduced ſatisfactory proofs of pure moral character—evidence of having paid taxes towards the ſupport of government, and of attachment to its form; with a renunciation of his allegiance to any other: and a declaration of his intention of permanently reſiding in this country.

That which your memorialiſts glory in the privilege of thus ſpeaking to the great council of the nation, of their rights as men, they would not merely on theſe *rights however ſacred*, reſt their cauſe, or their claims. They would appeal to your juſtice and to your policy, as well as to their rights.

Your memorialiſts believe that a conſiderable majority of their number might, without regard to abſtract right, lay their claim on plighted faith. This majority are the natives of Ireland—an ill ſtarred country, to whoſe inhabitants ſlavery was more intolerable, after ſeven hundred years of diverſified cruelties and oppreſſion, becauſe they ſtill retained a love for; and ſtill could appreciate the value of freedom. Congreſs, ſtruggling for independence, condoled with them; warmly acknowledged the ſervices of Iriſh patriots to the cauſe of 'Humanity—and America;' eagerly invited them to partake of their country and of their ſucceſs; and the countrymen of Montgomery, have never by their conduct in War, or their votes in peace, proved unworthy of the bleſſing.

That Your memorialiſts reſpectfully appealing to the Policy of the meaſure, re-

quest leave to observe, that those who have sacrificed their country and all the charities, which render country dear to man, for the principles on which the constitution is founded; are not to be undeserving of the trust and of the functions of citizenship.

Your memorialists further beg leave to adduce the example of the enlightened state in which they have the happiness to live, as well as of the others which were the mildest in their laws, and most liberal in their institutions respecting foreigners. It is believed that they are not inferior in attachment to the American union, in morals, in freedom, in arts, industry or prosperity to any of their sister states. To the rapid increase of population, which affords strength and security to your young and enviable form of government, they are the foremost. For by their constitutions, the stranger of good conduct, after two years residence was to be a citizen—and in these he then hoped to find a HOME.

Spain, sunk by the expulsion of the Moors. France expelled the Hugenots, and England and Ireland established their staple manufactures. Encourage your Aliens, you will have the arts and manufactures of Europe;—neglect us, we suffer, but you are not served.

Your memorialists therefore pray, that you may, in your wisdom and goodness, admit to citizenship those who are now excluded by default, on account of not having made a declaration, three years previously, of their intention. And that you may restore the time of two years residence specified by the law originally enacted to establish an uniform rule of naturalization.

(Signed) FRANCIS ALLISON,
JOHN M'CONNEL,
and others.

Mr. Davis said that petition was similar to one offered yesterday from another gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Smilie) and he was surprised that any gentleman would bring forward another of the same nature, after the treatment that one had received. He had no idea of encouraging those restless people to intrude on the house. They were not well disposed people who could send a petition to congress, which derogated from our national character. He begged that the reading of it might cease, and that the house should go to business of more importance.

Mr. Leib moved that it should be referred to a select committee.

Mr. Varnum hoped it would not be referred to a select committee. Whatever might have been the difference of political opinion, in this country it did not not become Aliens who were asking favors, and on whom many benefits had been already conferred, to make such remarks as were contained in those memorials presented to the house yesterday and this morning. He hoped the house would immediately decide against them.

Mr. Thatcher thought the petition ought not to be referred to a select committee; it would reflect disgrace upon the house to refer to a committee a petition couched in very indecent terms, and whose principal object appeared to be to criminate the late administration. As it was precisely like the one offered yesterday, and the house had been told that many others were expected, it was time to give their decided disapprobation of the sentiments, as well as the disrespectful manner in which the petition was expressed. He thought people paid a very ill compliment to the majority of the house, in attempting to obtain their favor by abuse of the late administration.

It would be recollected that early in the session, the house had manifested great uneasiness even at the reading of a memorial from a late officer of the government (Mr. M'Henry) though expressed in very respectful terms. Certainly those gentlemen who, upon that occasion, discovered so much sensibility for the honor of the house would not feel less when these restless aliens importuned them in language extremely abusive. He did not object to the commitment merely on account of the abuse of the former administration. He should have objected had the same language been used with respect to the present. There was a dignity attached to the government and the representatives of the nation, which those aliens should be taught to respect, and which rendered such language inadmissible.

Mr. S. Smith said it had been usual to refer petitions which had been presented to Congress to a committee, who would report in whole, or in part as their discretion should direct. He had observed that some parts of the memorial were not so agreeable; and yet there were others which deserved attention. The gentleman last up from Massachusetts (Mr. Thatcher) had adverted to a memorial from a late officer of government (Mr. M'Henry) he was not present when that memorial was read, but he could never see the drift of it, unless it were to have it printed, in order that it might go forth to the world, and perhaps create a prejudice against the present administration. The gentleman had said that his opposition to the petition would be the same, had it made a similar reference to the present as it had to the former administration. How could that be his sentiment, when he on a certain occasion, during the present session, declared by his solemn vote that he had no confidence in the executive, he was at a loss to determine?

Mr. Thatcher did not know what had led the gentleman (Mr. S. Smith,) to conclude that the late secretary's object in presenting his memorial to the house was, to have it printed. If he had been present he would have known that there was no attempt, in the house to print; nor even a motion to commit it. Although he considered the gentleman from Maryland (Mr. S. Smith) out of order in recurring to the votes respecting the affairs of New-Orleans, he would take the liberty to observe; that the vote which he alluded to was forced upon the minority. That gentlemen with whom he had the honor to vote on that occasion, stated to the house several very important objections to that *clause* of the resolution presented by the gentleman from Virginia (Mr. Randolph) one of which, was, that it pledged the house of Representatives to wait the issue of such *measures* as the Executive should have adopted, without knowing what *they were*. He believed that many gentlemen in the majority had since found reason to doubt the policy of their vote upon that occasion.

Mr. Smilie said the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Thatcher) had stated strong objections to some of the expressions of the petition. He acknowledged that there were some things which he wished had not been inserted; but if some parts of it were wrong, why should they reject the commitment of those parts which were unexceptionable. He would just mention the situation of those people in the year 1798, and 99 when the Alien law was in operation. When he considered the feelings those people must have experienced from their situation at that time, he thought there were some excuse for them. He believed every fact stated in the petition was true. Their situation under the Alien law was truly dreadful. They were at the mercy of the President and liable to be banished from the country upon the complaint of a single individual. Whatever the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Thatcher) might think, he thought, for himself, that his declaration by a solemn vote, that he had no confidence in the executive was quite as insulting as any thing contained in that petition.

Mr. Elmer hoped it would not be refered to a committee. He thought the gentleman (Mr. Leib) who presented it, was wrong, after what had taken place yesterday. That petition he said, was not of the nature which ought to have come from Aliens. He would do every thing for that class of people which humanity and policy would justify; but they were not to *insult* that *house* nor the *nation*. When they thus reflected on the government, they should have recollected that every government claimed, or ought to claim the right of regulating its own concerns. He had no idea that such language should be addressed to American Representatives.

Mr. Nicholson did not recollect that he had ever voted against a petition till the one presented yesterday. He was for examining every complaint, but there was a respect due to themselves as the representatives of an independent nation which ought not to countenance such language. When they were told that the former president was hostile to the principles of republicanism they ought not to countenance it. He did not think any man more especially foreigners should be indulged in those animadversions. For those reasons he should vote against the commitment.

Mr. Claiborn wished the clerk might proceed with the reading; he could then judge of its merits.

The petition was read through.

Mr. Leib called for the Ayes and Nays on the question.

Mr. Randolph said as the ayes and nays had been called for, it was necessary that he should give a reason, why he should vote differently on that petition, from the one presented yesterday, which he was told was of the same description, but he had had not heard it, being out of his seat when it was read. He thought it was enough to receive petitions from their own citizens; their tables were crowded with memorials from them. Beside, the house should consult their own dignity; language of the nature contained in the petition first read, should never meet his approbation.

(To be Continued.)

NORFOLK, Feb. 11.

Late from the Cape.

By an arrival yesterday in 11 *days from Cape Francois, we are informed, that the blacks were still masters of the plains and mountains in the neighbourhood of that place. The whites still occupied a few out posts a short distance from the city where they have erected block houses to cover them. It was understood, that the blacks had been for some time past, busy in obstructing the public roads, communicating from thence to the other principal parts of the island; and that they had rendered most of them impossible, even on horseback.*

Business there very dull, few arrivals, particullary of American vessels. Americans treated with extremely partial *severity, in every respect, especially those who resided in the island: The public treasury was so drained of cash as to refuse to satisfy even small warrants on it by the proper authorities. No troops of any consequence had arrived as late as the 23d of January. The inhabitants were all obliged to turn out to do military duty. The greater part of the small reinforcement arrived from France, about six weeks ago, had died.*

Alexandria Advertiser.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 15.

In the House of Representatives of the United States, on Saturday last, the committee appointed to enquire into the expediency of concentrating the public buildings in the City of Washington, reported, that no alteration ought to be made. The house concurred without a division.

On Friday last the rule to shew cause why a Mandamus should not issue to the Secretary of State to deliver certain commissions of justices of the peace, to particular individuals in the district of Columbia, was argued before the Supreme Court of the United States. Mr. Lee spoke at considerable length in favor of granting the rule.

The Attorney-General said, that he had received no instructions to appear.

The court, when Mr. Lee terminated his argument, observed that they would attend to the observations of any person who was disposed to offer his sentiments.

No decision is yet made by the court.

Extract of a letter from James Maury, Esqr. American Consul at Liverpool, dated 10th of Nov. 1802.

"Since the passing of the act which I had the honor to inclose you on the 14th Sept. doubts have arisen as to the admissibility to entry for home consumption of of cotton in our vessels from N. Orleans. I have the satisfaction to inform you, that two of our vessels have lately arrived here from that place with cotton, which has been admitted to entry for home consumption, on reporting from the *deposit belonging to the United States of America, on the river Mississippi.* As this information may also be important to our merchants, who are concerned in that branch of trade, I further submit to you the propriety of its being made public."

Prices Current at Bourdeaux, Dec. 8.

Georgia Cotton, long staple, 205 to 230 livres per hundred.
Do. short, 160 to 165 do.
Carolina Rice. 40 do.
Bradies, 320 to 415 to the 50 kelts.
Tobacco, Carolina, 75.

Democracy is like a wooden city, where the people dwell in perpetual alarms and are summoned twice a week with engines and buckets to put out fires. All is perishable and combustible, nothing safe or durable. Still we are told that to build with hay, stubble and wood is cheapest. This is democratic economy. It is favorable to liberty too, when every one has a right to set up tinder boxes, or stow powder in his neighbor's garret, or set fire to the town for the sake of plunder.

(Bost. Pap.)

☞ The sale of Negroes advertised by the subscriber to take place TO-MORROW, at Anthony Addison's, in Prince George's county, (M.) is postponed till the 1st of March.

Wm. LYLES.

Feb. 15.

Five Hundred barrels of CORN FOR SALE,

deliverable at Boyd's Hole, on the Potomac. For terms apply to

ROBERTS and GRIFFITH,
Alexandria,
Or WALTER S. BELT,
Boyd's Hole.

☞ *Who wishes to sell,*

1000 Locust and Cedar Posts, deliverable in Alexandria.

Feb. 15. 2awc†

Notice.

The subscriber intending to leave this place, and not having it in his power to attend to the settlement of some small accounts due him, has authorised Mr. *Jacob Hoffman* to settle them, and his discharge shall be valid. Any person having claims against me, are desired to bring in (within three months) to the said Hoffman, who will pay them.

LEVIN LAKE.

February 15. eo3†

Notice.

Will be sold to the highest bidder on the 10th of March next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at Red Hill, the Plantation of Geo. Hunter, dec'd,

Fifteen likely NEGROES,

consisting of Men, Lads, Women and Children, the property of the said deceased, at a credit of nine months, the purchasers giving bonds and approved security on the day of sale, at which time the property will be delivered.

GEORGE BEARD,
Administrator.

☞ Some purchasers at the last sale of the 29th Nov. not having complied with the terms thereof, the articles they purchased will again be sold, if not bonded before the day of this sale.

Fairfax County, Feb. 15. eotds

Notice.

THE subscriber intending to leave this place in 12 days, desires that all persons indebted to him will immediately discharge their accounts.

JOHN WRIGHT.

Feb. 15. eod2w†

Ladies and Gentlemen's Shoes and Slippers.

SAMUEL CLARK,

Next door to Peter Sherron's,

Has just received and now opening, a fresh and beautiful variety of Shoes & Slippers, Kid and Morocco, of every description, Gentlemen's dancing Pumps, (Morocco) and fine Shoes, Misses black and coloured Morocco and Leather Slippers, Boys fine and common Shoes and Pumps, Childrens red Morocco and Leather Shoes, and 200 pair Negroes, large size, coarse Shoes, which he offers for sale at the following retail prices, viz.

Ladies Kid	7s	6s9	10s6
Black Morocco	6s	6s9	7s6
Coloured do.	6s9	7s6	8s3
Leather Slippers	5s3	6s	
Mens best qua.	9s	10s6	12s
Mens Morocco Pumps	9s	10s	

Childrens Shoes and Slippers in proportion.

ALSO,

For Cash or Barter for Flour,

30 bls. best No. 1 Beef
20 half do. Mess do.
30 bls. Mackerell
} Boston packed.

jan. 18. eo

J. & JAS. H. TUCKER,

Have for Sale,

14 Hhds. first quality, Muscvado Sugar,
25 Bbls. do. do.
25 Bags green Coffee,
1200 Bushels coarse Salt,
500 Spanish Hides,
1000 Hanks Seine Twine,

And a general assortment of

GROCERIES.

N. B. Cash given for Indian Corn.

Jan. 31. eo.

R. & J. GRAY

Have lately received an Assortment of valuable BOOKS *in the different Branches of* LITERATURE *and* SCIENCE, *chiefly of the best London editions, & a number of them in elegant Binding, which added to their former stock, form altogether the best assortment of Books ever offered for sale in Alexandria. The following are a part of those lately received, and which are not contained in their Catalogue:*

The New American Practical Navigator, by Nathaniel Bowditch, Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, being an improvement of the second edition of Blunt's Practical Navigator, illustrated with a Chart of the Atlantic Ocean. Studies of Nature, by St. Pierre, 3 vols. 8vo. ornamented with copper plates and elegantly bound in calf and gilt. Darwin's Botanic Garden, 2 vols. 8vo. bound in calf and gilt. Works of the Right Hon. Edmund Burke, 8 vols. 8vo. London edition. Elements the Philosyphy of the Mind and of Moral Philosophy, to which is prefixed a Compendium of Logic, By Thomas Belsham. Political Works of Thomas Collins, enriched with elegant engravings, to which is prefixed a life of the Authors by Dr. Johnston, bound in calf and gilt. Adventures of Telemachus, pocket edition, ornamented with plates, in calf and gilt. Pleasures of Imagination, by Dr. Akenside, to which is prefixed a critical essay on the poem, by Mrs. Barbauld, with elegant plates, bound in calf and gilt. Death of Abel, with beautiful plates, in calf and gilt. Plutarch's Lives, translated from the original Greek, with Notes critical and historical, and a new Life of Plutarch, by J. W. Langhorne, 6 vols. 12mo. A Selection of the Lives of Plutarch abridged, containing the most illustrious characters of antiquity, for the use of schools, by Wm. Mavor, L. L. D. Dryden's translation of the works of Virgil, 4 vols. 12mo The Observer, being a collection of moral, literary and familiar essays, 4 vols. 12mo. The World, by Adam Fitz-adam, 4 vols. 12mo. An Enquiry into the Duties of the Female Sex, by Thomas Girborne, M. A. The Guardian, 2 vols, 12mo. The Looker-On, a periodical paper, by the Rev. Simeon Olive-Branch, 2 vols. 12mo. Ganganelli's Letters, 2 vols. 12mo. The Gleaner, a miscellaneous production, by Constantia, 3 vols. 12mo. The Idler, by the author of the Rambler, with additional essays, 2 vols. 12mo. The Adventures of Don Quixote, translated by Dr. Smollet, illustrated with copperplates, 4 vols 12mo. Letters from a Father to his Son, by Dr Aikin. The Traveller's Directory, or a Pocket Companion, shewing the course of the main road from Philadelphia to New-York, and from Philadelphia to Washington, with a description of the places through which it passes, and the intersection of the cross-roads, from actual survey. The works of Robert Burns complete, in 4 vol. Rural Tales, by Robert Bloomfield, author of the Farmer's Boy, to which is prefixed the Life of the author. Goldsmith's Experimental Philosophy, 2 vols. 8vo. Lectures on Select Subjects, by James Furguson. The Spectator, with sketches of the Life of the author, & explanatory Notes, 8 vols. 12mo. The Natural and Political History, of Vermont, by Ira Allen, Esq. Major-General of the militia in the State of Vermont, illustrated with a beautiful coloured Map, 1 vol. Gordon's American Revolution, 3 vols. 8vo. Bacon's Abridgement of the Laws of England, 7 vols. 8vo Gilbert's Law of Evidence, 2 vols. 8vo. bound in calf. Burn on Insurance. Montesquieu's Spirit of Laws, 2 vols. 8vo.

Also, on hand, a large Assortment of

Walkden's best British Ink-Powder, for Records; Irish Quills, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Penknives; ladies' and gentlemen's Morocco Pocket-Books; German Flutes, Violins, Violin Strings, Bows and Bridges; a complete assortment of Latin and English school-Books folio and quarto family Bibles, school Bibles and Testaments; Account Books of every description, Slates and Slate Pencils, Ink Holders assorted, red and black Ink; Writing Paper of various qualities, and Almanacs for the year 1803, all of which will be sold at the usual retail prices, or at a liberal discount to those who purchase to sell again.

BOOK-BINDING carried on as usual

Slaves for Sale.

The subscriber will on Wednesday the 16th day of February next, at the house of Anthony Addison, in Prince George's county, expose to public sale, for ready money, to the highest bidder,

Negro Peter, a young man, with his wife Nell and their four children; Negro George, with Rose his wife and their five children; Negro Jack, a blacksmith; Negro Sam, a shoemaker, and Forrester, Jem, Darrel, Jem St. Clair, Isaac, Dennis, Jack and Bob, eight likely young lads; as the sale families will not be divided but sold together. These slaves are sold in virtue of a deed of trust, bearing date the 26th day of August, 1802, from Anthony Addison to me the subscriber, authorising and directing the sale of the said slaves to raise a sum of money for the purposes therein mentioned.

The sale will commence at 12 o'clock in the forenoon of the day abovementioned, and so many of the said slaves will be sold, as will raise the sum of 3,050 dollars, with interest on 3000 dollars from the 26th day of August, 1802, until the day of sale aforesaid.

Wm. LYLES.

Jan. 19. 1aw4t+

Cash given for Rags

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,
County of Alexandria, ff.

Nicholas Lingan, compl't, against *Nathl. Washington & Wm. Harthorne*, defendants. } In Chancery.

The defendant Nathaniel Washington not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said Nathaniel Washington is not an inhabitant of this district, on motion of the said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant, Nathaniel Washington, do appear here on the first day of June court next, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the demands of the court; and that the other defendant, William Hartshorne, do not pay away or secrete the debts by him owing to the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant, Nat. Washington, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of the said county.

A copy,
Test, G. DENEALE, Clerk.
January 11. 1aw 2m

THE SUBSCRIBER

Has imported from London, in addition to his former assortment,

A GNERAL ASSORTEMNT OF

Drugs, Patent Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints & Garden Seeds.

THE latter consist of early Marrowfat Peas, early York Cabbage, Cauliflower, olid Celery, &c. &c.

He has also on hand,

Best bloom Raisins in boxes, Olives and Anchovies in do. Madeira, Port, Sherry, and Lisbon Wine in casks and bottles, warranted of good quality, which he will sell low for cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit.

JAMES KENNEDY, jun.

N. B. He expects daily to receive a general assortment of Shop Furniture and Vials.

Jan. 17. 2aw7t+

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,
County of Alexandria, ff
NOVEMBER TERM, 1802.

Alexander & Allison, comp. against *Jacob Harman & W. Davis, trading under the Firm of Harman & Davis & Robert Brown Jamesson.* defts. } In Chancery.

This suit abates as to the plaintiff Alexander; and the defendants Harman and Davis, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said Harman and Davis are not inhabitants of this district, on motion of said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendants, Harman and Davis, do appear here on the first day of June court next, and enter their appearance to this suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendant, Robert Brown Jamesson do not pay away, convey, or secrete the debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendants Harman and Davis, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively, in one of the public newspapers published in this county; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court House of the said county.

A copy,
Test, G. DENEALE,
Jan. 8. 1aw2m Clerk

ABEL WILLIS,

A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Rhode-Island CHEESE,
Apples,
Crab Cyder, by the barrel, of the first quality,
Cranberries,
Sweet Oranges,
Lemons, by the box,
Best Rhode-Island Potatoes,
Mackerel, by the barrel, together with a general assortment of

GROCERIES and NUTS.

Wanted to Hire Immediately,

ABOUT 40 hands, 12 hewers and 8 waggons and teams. Employment may be had 3 months, or more, by application to J. and M. Scholfield, Alexandria, Issachar Scholfield, Walter or Wm. Lindsey, near Colchester, or Henry Wood, at Aquia.

N. B. Hands are to bring axes and hewers broad axes.

Feb. 7. 2aw

Printing in all its variety executed at this office.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBAIA,
County of Alexandria, ff.
November Term, 1802.

Joshua Riddle, complainant, against *Lindsey Pollard & Samuel Hilton*, defendants. } In Chancery

The defendant, Lindsey Pollard not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said Lindsey Pollard is not an inhabitant of this district, on motion of the said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant, Lindsey Pollard, do appear here on the first day of June term next, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendant, Samuel Hilton, do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant Lindsey Pollard until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively, in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of the said county.

A copy,
Test, G. DENEALE, Clerk.
January 11. 1aw 2m

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,
County of Alexandria, ff.
NOVEMBER TERM, 1802.

James Wilson, complainant, against *Robert Gordon and William Gore*, defendants. } In Chancery.

The defendant, Robert Gordon, not having entered his appearance a givennd security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said Robert Gordon is not an inhabitant of this district, on motion of the said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant Robert Gordon, do appear here on the first day of June court next, and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendant, William Gore, do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant Robert Gordon, until the further order or decree of this court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively, in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court House in the said county.

A copy,
Test, G. DENEALE, Clerk.
January 10 1aw 2m

DISTRICT of COLUMBIA,
County of Alexandria, ff.
November Term, 1802.

Joshua Riddle, plaintiff, against *Samuel Hilton & Malachi Fife*, defendants. } In Chancery

The defendant Samuel Hilton, not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said Samuel Hilton is not an inhabitant of this district, on motion of the said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant, Samuel Hilton, do appear here on the first day of June term next, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants Malachi Fife, do not pay away, convey, or secrete the debts by him owing to, or the estate effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant Samuel Hilton, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court House in the said county.

A copy,
Test, G. DENEALE, Clerk.
January 10. 1aw 2m

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,
Cunty of Alexandria, ff.
NOVEMBER TRM, 1802.

Moses Cotes, Geo. M'Munn, and Rb. M'Munn, comp. against *William Powers, Jas. Card, Wm. Galloway and Thos. Moore*, defts. } In Chancery.

The desendant Wm. Powers, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of assembly, and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said defendant, William Powers, is not an inhabitant of this district, on motion of the said complainants, by their counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant, William Powers, do appear here on the first day of June court next, and enter his appearance to this suit, and give security for performing the decree of the court; and that the other defendants, James Card, William Galloway and Thomas Moore, do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant, William Powers, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted four months successively, in one of the papers published in this county; and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court House of the said county.

A copy,
Test, G. DENEALE,
Jan. 8. 1wa2m Clerk.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,
County of Alexandria, ff.
NOVEMEER TERM, 1802

Elkanah Doolittle, Compl't. against *Jacob Harman and Samuel Davis, trading under the firm of Harman & Davis, and William Hartshorne, jun.* Defts. } In Chancery.

The defendant Jacob Harman not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said Harman is not an inhabitant of this district, on motion of the said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant Harman do appear here on the first day of June term next, and enter his appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendant, William Hartshorne, do not pay away, convey, or secrete the debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant, Harman, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively, in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court House of the said county.

A copy.
Test, G. DENEALE,
Jan. 8 1aw 2m Clerk.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,
County of Alexandria, ff.
NOVEMBER TERM, 1802.

Thomas & Robert Wilson & Co. plffs. against *Joseph Commarque, Executor of Bartholomew Dandridge, dec'd, & Bennet & Watts, and Ricketts, Newton and Co.* defts. } In Chancery.

The defendant Joseph Commarque not having entered his appearance, and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said Joseph Commarque is not an inhabitant of this district, on motion of the said complainants by their counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant Joseph Commarque do appear here on the first day of June court next, and enter his appearance to this suit, and give security for performing the decree of the court; and that the other defendants, Bennett and Watts, and Ricketts, Newton and Co. do not pay away, convey or secrete the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant Joseph Commarque, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court House of the said county.

A copy,
Test, G. DENEALE,
Jan. 8. 1aw 2m Clerk

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,
County of Alexandria, ff.
NOVEMBER TERM, 1802.

James Wilson, of London, comp. against *Adam Stewart and James Wilson*, defts. } In Chancery.

The defendant Adam Stewart not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said Adam Stewart is not an inhabitant of this district, on motion of the said complainant, by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant Adam Stewart, do appear here on the first day of June court next, and enter his appearance to this suit, and give security for performing the decree of the court; and that the other defendant, James Wilson, do not pay away, convey, or secrete the debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant Adam Stewart, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court House of the said county.

A copy,
Test, G. DENEALE, Clerk
Jan 10 1aw 2m

To Rent,

For one or more Years,

A STORE HOUSE situated at Fairfax Court House, which, from the great resort of people, is thought to be a very good stand for a Retail Store. For terms apply to Mr. John Ratcliff, living at the place, or the subscriber.

RICHD. RATCLIFF.

Feb. 2. 2aw

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